

Q3 2019



City of Glendale Sales Tax Update

Fourth Quarter Receipts for Third Quarter Sales (July - September 2019)

Glendale In Brief

Glendale's receipts from July through September were 5.8% below the third sales period in 2018. However, this comparison is skewed due to the CDTFA's transition to a new reporting system in the prior year when additional payments were received by the City. Excluding reporting aberrations, actual sales were up 4.4%.

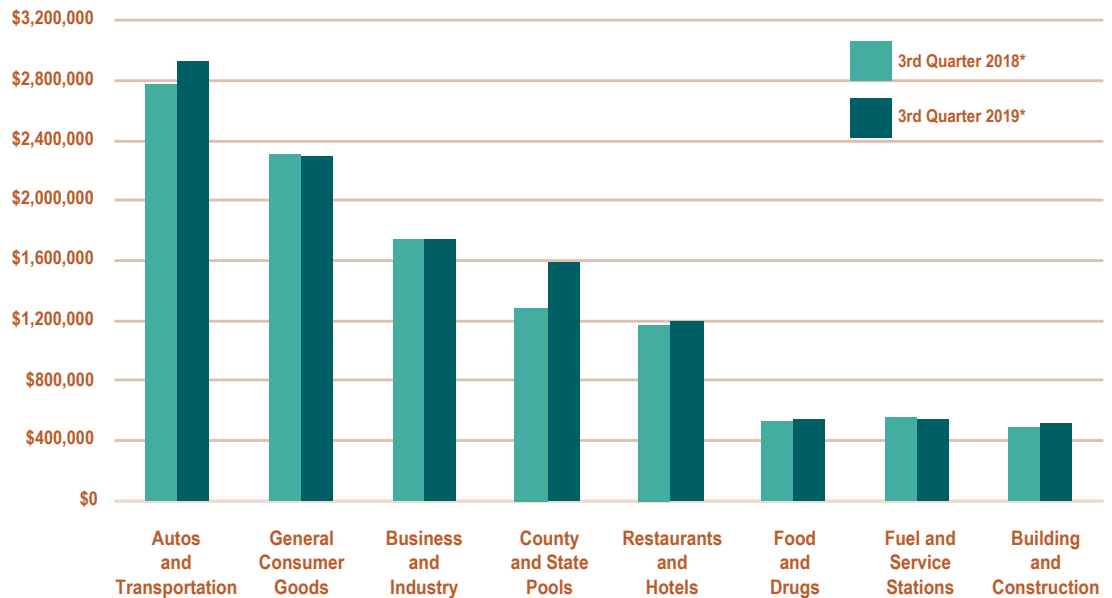
The City continued its recent trend of strong new and used auto sales helping boost results. Furthermore, the current stable housing market supported by favorable interest rates and strong job market during the summer months also contributed to a rise in consumer spending at building-construction merchants.

These local point of sale improvements combined with increased taxes collected for online purchases of items shipped into the region compared to last year, boosted allocations from the countywide use tax pool, further adding to the positive outcome.

The recently approved three quarter-cent transaction tax, Measure S, generated an additional \$6,404,257 in the second quarter the tax went into effect.

Net of aberrations, taxable sales for all of Los Angeles County grew 2.7% over the comparable time period; the Southern California region was up 2.8%.

SALES TAX BY MAJOR BUSINESS GROUP



*Allocation aberrations have been adjusted to reflect sales activity

TOP 25 PRODUCERS

IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER

Allen Gwynn Chevrolet	Home Depot
Apple	JC Penney
Bloomingdale's	Lexus of Glendale
Bob Smith Toyota	Macys
Calstar Mercedes	New Century Honda
Car Pros Kia Glendale	Nordstrom
CDW Direct	Pacific BMW
CDW Government	Star Auto Group
Financial Services Vehicle Trust	Target
Glendale Dodge Chrysler Jeep	Tesla Motors
Glendale Nissan	Toyota Lease Trust
Glendale Subaru/Mitsubishi	Toyota of Glendale Scion
	United Oil

REVENUE COMPARISON

One Quarter - Fiscal Year To Date (Q3)

	2018-19	2019-20
Point-of-Sale	\$10,952,801	\$10,044,840
County Pool	1,486,657	1,679,336
State Pool	5,621	4,013
Gross Receipts	\$12,445,079	\$11,728,189
Measure S	\$0	\$6,404,257

Statewide Results

The local one-cent share of statewide sales and use tax from sales occurring July through September was 2.2% higher than the summer quarter of 2018 after adjusting for accounting anomalies.

The bulk of the increase came from the countywide use tax allocation pools and is due to the acceleration in online shopping where a large volume of the orders are shipped from out-of-state.

Online shopping also produced gains in the business-industrial group with in-state industrial zoned logistics centers filling orders previously taken by brick and mortar retailers. Purchases to support healthcare, food processing, logistics/warehouse operations and information/data technology also helped offset declines in other business-related categories.

With the exception of some discount and value-oriented retail, most categories of general consumer goods were down. New cannabis related start-ups offset declines in the food and drug group while a softening in building-construction receipts was consistent with recent declines in the volume and value of new building permit issuances.

Overall growth in restaurant receipts continued to soften with a shift toward lower cost dining establishments and takeout meal options. Reports of labor shortages and the impact of homelessness on customer traffic in metropolitan areas were reportedly factors in the decline in tax revenues from higher price, fine dining establishments.

Despite a slight uptick in used auto and auto lease receipts, the auto related group was significantly down due to a drop in new car and RV sales. Previously propped up by a 23% subprime rated customer base and six- and seven-year financing, loan delinquencies have recently surged back to levels last seen in 2009.

Additional Tax Districts Approved

Voters approved eight of the nine sales

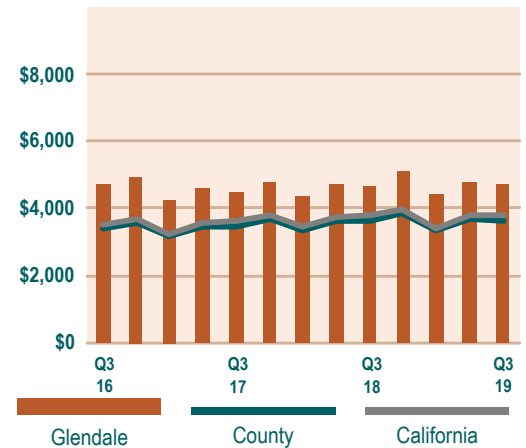
tax measures on the November 2019 ballot adding six new districts and extending two others.

This brings the total number of local transactions and use tax districts (TUT's) to 325 with 62 that are levied countywide and 263 imposed by individual cities. The number of local districts have close to tripled over the last decade as agencies deal with rising costs and service needs. TUT's have been a favorable option as visitors contribute to the tax and a collection system is already in place that minimizes administrative and monitoring costs.

California's basic rule is that the rate for all local TUT's combined, shall not exceed 2.0% or a total of 9.25% including the state levy. However, the state legislature has authorized higher caps in some jurisdictions with the highest voter-approved, combined state/local rate now at 10.5%.

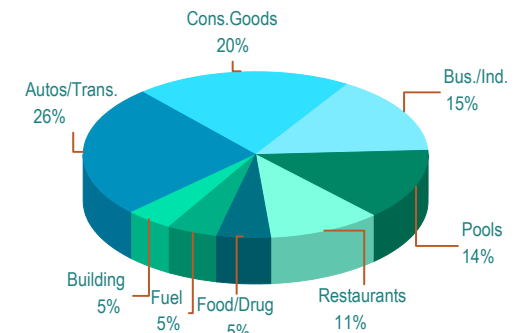
Thirty-five or more additional local TUT measures are currently being considered for the March 2020 ballot.

SALES PER CAPITA*



*Allocation aberrations have been adjusted to reflect sales activity

**REVENUE BY BUSINESS GROUP
Glendale This Quarter***



*Allocation aberrations have been adjusted to reflect sales activity

GLENDALE TOP 15 BUSINESS TYPES**

Business Type	*In thousands of dollars			
	Glendale Q3 '19*	Glendale Change	County Change	HdL State Change
Auto Lease	630.7	1.0%	2.0%	4.6%
Building Materials	257.2	1.5%	0.8%	0.2%
Casual Dining	592.0	3.6%	2.6%	2.3%
Convenience Stores/Liquor	161.9	-0.1%	2.1%	1.0%
Department Stores	471.2	-3.2%	-8.2%	-9.5%
Electronics/Appliance Stores	324.8	3.7%	-5.8%	-3.1%
Family Apparel	413.2	-2.3%	0.3%	1.5%
Grocery Stores	252.6	4.8%	1.4%	1.7%
New Motor Vehicle Dealers	1,953.7	5.5%	-4.5%	-7.2%
Office Supplies/Furniture	1,240.4	-1.3%	-2.1%	-6.7%
Plumbing/Electrical Supplies	189.8	12.7%	-5.9%	4.3%
Quick-Service Restaurants	416.5	-0.3%	1.6%	2.6%
Service Stations	538.1	-1.7%	-3.9%	-1.5%
Specialty Stores	236.0	-3.8%	3.1%	0.3%
Women's Apparel	172.2	-5.9%	-4.1%	-5.6%
Total All Accounts	9,747.5	1.8%	0.1%	0.2%
County & State Pool Allocation	1,590.1	23.2%	21.2%	14.9%
Gross Receipts	11,337.6	4.4%	2.7%	2.3%

** Accounting aberrations such as late payments, fund transfers, and audit adjustments have been adjusted to reflect the quarter in which the sales occurred.